Year 6 2025 SATs information evening



Aims

- To give you a better understanding of the KS2 SATs tests.
- To give you ideas about how you could help your child at home.
- To give you a better understanding of the SATs week and how it will run.

What are they?

- SATs are the Standardised Assessment Tests that are given to children at the end of Key Stage 2.
- Assessment of all learning in Maths and English during KS2 (years 3,4,5 &6)
- KS2 learning (knowledge and skills) is foundation of KS3 and KS4 learning - 'secondary ready'
- Measure of progress from KS1
- Benchmark for predicted progress to GCSEs

What are they?

- The SATs take place over four days, starting on Monday 12th May ending on Thursday 15th May
- The SATs papers consist of:
 - Grammar, punctuation and spelling (paper 1: GPS) Monday 12th May
 - Grammar, punctuation and spelling (paper 2: Spelling) Monday 12th May
 - **Reading Tuesday 13th May**
 - Maths (paper 1: Arithmetic) Wednesday 14th May
 - Maths (paper 2: Reasoning) Wednesday 14th May
 - Maths (paper 3: Reasoning) Thursday 15th May
- Writing is assessed using evidence collected throughout Year 6. There is no Year 6 SATs writing test.

SATs week

- Other lessons: quick revision sessions and foundation-based topics such as art and P.E.
- Snack & drink with a break between tests
- All stationery supplied by school
- Water bottle

When and how?

- Breakfast during this week A letter has gone home.
- The tests take place during normal school hours, under exam conditions.
- Children are not allowed to talk to each other from the moment the assessments are handed out until they are collected at the end of the test.
- After the tests are completed, the papers are sent away to be marked externally.
- The results are then sent to the school in July.
- Each test lasts no longer than 60 minutes:
 - Spelling, punctuation and grammar (paper 1: Grammar/ Punctuation) 45 minutes
 - Spelling, punctuation and grammar (paper 2: Spelling) 15 minutes
 - Reading 60 minutes
 - Maths (paper 1: Arithmetic) 30 minutes
 - Maths (paper 2: Reasoning) 40 minutes
 - Maths (paper 3: Reasoning) 40 minutes

Specific arrangements

Children with additional needs (who have similar support as part of dayto-day learning in school) may be allotted specific arrangements, including:

- Additional (extra) time;
- Tests being opened early to be modified;
- An adult to scribe (write) for them;
- Using word processors independently;
- An adult to read for them (including a translator);
- The use of prompts or rest breaks;
- Arrangements for children who are ill or injured at the time of the tests.

Results

Tests are marked externally. Once marked, the tests will be given the following scores:

- A raw score (total number of marks achieved for each paper);
- A scaled score (see below);
- A judgement on if the National Standard has been met.

After marking each test, the external marker will convert the raw score to a scaled score. Even though the tests are made to the same standard each year, the questions must be different. This means the difficulty of the tests may vary. Scaled scores ensures an accurate comparison of performance over time.

Scaled scores range from 80 to 120.

A scaled score of 100 or more shows the pupil is meeting the National Standard.

Grammar, punctuation and spelling: Monday 12th May

Grammar, punctuation and spelling consists of two papers.

Paper 1 focuses on all three elements (grammar, punctuation and spelling or GPS). The paper lasts for 45 minutes.

Paper 2 consists of a spelling test only. It should take approximately 15 minutes, although this is not a set amount of time (pupils should be given as much time as they need to complete the test).

Grammar, punctuation and spelling: Paper 1

The children have been working hard, developing and securing their knowledge of the technical vocabulary needed in this test.

This test focuses on:

- Grammatical terms/ word classes;
- Functions of sentences;
- Combining words, phrases and clauses;
- Verb forms, tenses and consistency;
- Punctuation;
- Vocabulary;
- Standard English and formality.

This test requires a range of answer types (circling, drawing lines, multiple choice answers, one-word answers, short answer questions) but does not require longer formal answers.

Grammar, punctuation and spelling: Example questions

		37	Complete the sentence below with an appropriate		
4	Which sentence must end with a question mark?	_	subordinating conjunction.		
	Tick one. Shall we go round the fitness trail in the park We could go tomorrow if you like What I really like is the rope bridge		it rained all afternoon, the pic	nic was a success.	1 mark
	Let me know what you would like to do	1 mark			
		lights off. Write the command	to write a sign to remind children to turn the I that the teacher might use on the sign. tuate your answer correctly.	1 mark	

Grammar, punctuation and spelling: Paper 2

Paper 2 is a shorter paper that focuses solely on spellings.

		Spelling	
1.	The children were largest.	the objects from smallest to	
2.	Do not show	to anyone.	
з.	I was given a	award.	2022 Spelling script Spelling 1: The word is ordering.
			The children were ordering the objects from smallest to larges The word is ordering.
			Spelling 2: The word is disrespect. Do not show disrespect to anyone. The word is disrespect.
			Spelling 3: The word is special . I was given a special award. The word is special .

Reading: Tuesday 13th May

There is one reading test that lasts for 60 minutes. The test is designed to measure if the children's comprehension of ageappropriate reading material meets the national standard. There are three different set texts for children to read. These could be any combination of non-fiction, fiction and/ or poetry.

The test covers the following areas (known as Content Domains):

- Give/ explain the meaning of words in context;
- Retrieve and record information/ identify key details from fiction and non-fiction;
- Summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph;
- Make inferences from the text/ explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text;
- Predict what might happen from details stated and implied;
- Identify/ explain how information/ narrative content is related and contributes to meaning as a whole;
- Identify/ explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of words and phrases;
- Make comparisons within the text.

The reading SATs paper requires a range of answer styles.

Example questions:

Questions 1–11 are about The Parsnips (pages 4–6)

1	Veronika's football team has two names.
	What are the two names?
	1
	2

THE CLUB – THE FACTS

Name: Parrs Under 11s, also known as "The Parsnips" Ground: Lornton FC, Low Road, Lornton

1 mark

Capacity: 500 Plays in: The Nettie Honeyball Women's League Sponsor: Sweet Peas Garden Centre, Mowborough Coach: Hannah Preston Assistant coach: Katie Regan

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	l
1	Veronika's football team has two names.	1m	l
	What are the two names?		l
	Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information or identify key details from fiction and non-fiction		l
	Award 1 mark for reference to Parrs Under 11s and The Parsnips, e.g.		I
	The Parsnips		I
	Parsnips		l
	Parrs under 11s		I
	• Parrs.		I

Example questions:

1	7	

Look at page 9.

Vladik is always changing his Dralion performance.

Give two ways that these changes to his performance happen.

1.

2.

Do those changes happen naturally, or are you looking for ways to change it?

2 marks

Sometimes those changes happen naturally, yeah. Sometimes I say to myself, "Wait a minute! I'm doing this differently." I don't know how it even happens. Some things, of course, I modify deliberately; I add a trick in or something. It's easy to do it in practice. I have many, many tricks in training. But when you're on stage, it's different because you really have to have it perfect. Especially because you get used to doing the same things for that long. So when you start to put in something new, you automatically feel your body doing something wrong. [Laughs]

Qu.	Requirement	Mark
17	Look at page 9.	
	Vladik is always changing his Dralion performance.	2m
	Give two ways that these changes to his performance happen.	
	Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information or identify key details from fiction and non-fiction	
	Award 1 mark for reference to any of the following, up to a maximum of 2 marks:	
	 Vladik's performance changing naturally / without him knowing how it happens, e.g. 	
	changes happen naturally	
	 he just does the changes and he doesn't even realise. 	
	2. Vladik deliberately making changes to his performance, e.g.	
	he modifies them on purpose	
	they happen deliberately.	
	3. Vladik adding a trick, e.g.	
	• putting in a new trick.	

Example questions: Based on the whole text

Think about the whole text.

What impressions do you get of Penelope as she describes her unusual experience?

Give two impressions, using evidence from the text to support your answer.

1. _____

2. _____

3 marks

Q

3

ı.	Requirement	Mark		
3	Think about the whole text.			
	What impressions do you get of Penelope as she describes her unusual experience?			
	Give two impressions, using evidence from the text to support your answer.			
	Content domain: 2d – make inferences from the text or explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text			
	Acceptable points:			
	1. curious			
	2. imaginative			
	3. confused			
	4. unafraid			
	5. solitary / content with her own company			
	6. observant			
	Award 3 marks for two acceptable points, at least one with evidence, e.g.			
	 1. She has a big imagination because she thinks that she is in a forest when she is sitting in the stairway. [AP2 + evidence] 			
	2. That she is good at noticing things that go on. [AP6]			
	 1. I think she is just a curious girl who wants to know everything that is going on. [AP1] 			
	2. She is very confused. 'I never felt them touch me and this gave me a curious sensation.' [AP3 + evidence]			
	Award 2 marks for either two acceptable points, or one acceptable point with evidence, e.g.			
	• 1. Brave because she did the right thing in the situation. [AP4]			
	2. She was a person who definitely kept herself to herself. [AP5]			
	 1. She is not afraid. 'Ran downstairs and pushed open the door expecting to see her.' [AP4 + evidence] 			
	Award 1 mark for one acceptable point, e.g.			
	1. She likes to find out about other people. [AP1]			

In the 2022 Reading SATs paper,

- 10% of marks could be gained from answering questions involving giving and explaining the meaning of words in context;
- 38% of marks could be gained from answering questions involving retrieving and recording information or identifying key details from a text;
- 44% of marks could be gained from answering questions involving making inferences from a text and justifying inferences with text evidence.

When reading with your child at home try focusing on these types of questions.

Maths Paper 1 (Arithmetic)

Maths paper 1 will take place on Wednesday 14th May. paper has a total of 40 marks and lasts for 30 minutes.

The test covers the four operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, including order of operations requiring BIDMAS), percentages of amounts and calculating with decimals and fractions.

Example questions:



Maths Paper 1 (Arithmetic)

Example 1 mark questions:









Maths Paper 1 (Arithmetic)

Example 2 mark questions:





Maths Paper 2 (Reasoning)

Paper 2 will take place on Wednesday 14th May and paper 3 will take place on Thursday 15th May. These tests have a total of 35 marks each and lasts for 40 minutes each.

These papers require children to demonstrate their mathematical knowledge and skills, as well as their ability to solve problems and their mathematical reasoning. They cover a wide range of mathematical topics from key stage 2 including,

- Number and place value (including Roman numerals);
- The four operations;
- Geometry (properties of shape, position and direction);
- Statistics;
- Measurement (length, perimeter, mass, volume, time, money);
- Algebra;
- Ratio and proportion;
- Fractions, decimals and percentages.

Maths Paper 2 (Reasoning)

Example questions:



Maths Paper 2 (Reasoning)

2

Example question:

24



Calculate the sizes of angles x and y.



24	Award TWO marks for the correct answer of $x = 75$ AND $y = 15$	Up to 2m	
	If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for evidence of an appropriate method calculating both angles, e.g.		Answer need not be obtained for the award of ONE mark.
	 180 - 30 = 150 150 ÷ 2 = 70 (error) 90 - 70 		
	OR		
	Award ONE mark for either correct <i>x</i> OR <i>y</i> .		If there is no evidence of an appropriate method and the values for x AND y are incorrect, accept for ONE mark x + y = 90, unless x is between $65-69(inclusive) AND y is between 21-25(inclusive).$

Maths Paper 3 (Reasoning)

Example questions:



Maths Paper 3 (Reasoning)

Example questions:



This table shows how many people finished the New York Marathon in each of the first four decades it was held.

New York Marathon		
Decade	Total number of people who finished	
1st decade	24,863	
2nd decade	170,932	
3rd decade	282,420	
4th decade	350,824	

What is the mean number of people who finished the marathon per decade? Round your answer to the **nearest hundred**.



Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
20	Award THREE marks for the correct answer of 207,300	Up to 3m	
	If the answer is incorrect, award TWO marks for: • evidence of an appropriate complete method which contains no more than one error, e.g. 24,863 170,932		
	282,420 + <u>350,824</u> 828,939 (error) 828,939 ÷ 4 = 207,234 r3		
	Rounded to the nearest hundred = 207,200		
	OR • sight of 207,259 r3 OR 207,259 $\frac{3}{4}$ OR 207,259.75		
	Award ONE mark for: • evidence of an appropriate method with		Answer need not be obtained or rounded for the award of ONE mark.
	more than one error.		A misread of a number may affect the award of marks. No marks are awarded if there is more than one misread or if the mathematics is simplified.
			TWO marks will be awarded if an appropriate method with the misread number is followed through correctly.
			ONE mark will be awarded for evidence of an appropriate method with the misread number followed through correctly with no more than one error.

Supporting your child

- Positive attitude
- Encouragement and support
- Tips:
- Talk to your child's class teacher if you have any concerns
- Encourage your child to talk to their teacher or a trusted adult (including yourself) about their anxieties. A small amount of anxiety is normal and not harmful.
- Give your child a quiet, distraction free space to complete homework or study.
- Give your child time to go outside and reduce screen time.
- Ensure your child is eating and drinking well and getting a good amount of sleep.
- Plan something nice and fun for the weekends before and after SATs. This will help them to relax before the SATs and give them something to look forward to after.

Things to remember

SATs focus on what children know about Maths and English. They will not reflect how talented they are at science, geography, art, PE..., and they certainly won't highlight all of their amazing personal characteristics.

SATs don't tell the whole story.

Their results will say if they did or did not meet a certain standard but not necessarily by what margin. These thresholds change each year according to the overall national performance, so what was classed as 'meeting the expected standard' this year might not be the same as last year.

SATs are only four days out of a whole Primary School career. In reality, there's one or two papers each day that last 30 to 60 minutes.

Advice for children

- Listen to your teacher.
- The adults you work with all want you to do your best.
- Get plenty of sleep and eat well, this will help your brain.
- Read all the questions carefully. This can help you to avoid silly mistakes.
- Don't panic. There may be questions you think you can't answer.
 Take a deep breath. Read it again. You can always move on and go back to it later. It's often better to write something rather than nothing.
- Remember that the Year 6 SATs last for 4 days out of your whole life!